

Code No: C6109, C6509 JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Tech I - Semester Examinations March/April-2011 SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS (COMMON TO COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS, WIRELESS & MOBILE **COMMUNICATIONS**)

Time: 3hours

Max.Marks:60

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

1. a) Derive the expression for the Velocity of a geostationary Satellite, in its orbit. b) A geostationary Satellite moving in an equatorial circular orbit is at a height of 35786Kmt. From the earth's surface. If the earth's radius is 6378Kmt. Find the theoretical Maximum Coverage Angle, and the maximum slant range. [12] 2. Explain in detail about Attitude Control and Orbit Control of a satellite. [12] 3. a) Derive Friss's Transmission Equation. b) Show that the noise figure of a lossy Two Port Network is its loss itself. c) Derive the expression for the Noise Figure of the cascade of Three Two Port Networks. [12] 4. a) Derive the expression for the Signal to Noise Ratio of an SCPC-FDM-FM-FDMA System. b) An SCPC-FDM-FM-FDMA is with a specific Channel S/N = 33 dB. If the Test Tone Peak frequency deviation is 9.1 KHz and the base band signal frequency is 3.4 KHz, find the Band width and C/N ratio. [12] 5. a) Explain about TDMA Frame Structure. b) Write about TDMA Burst Time Plan. [8+4]6. Derive the expression for Throughput of Slotted Aloha Network. [12] 7. Explain about a SPADE Network in detail. [12] 8. A Multiple Carrier satellite Circuit operates in 6/4 GHz Band width with the following characteristics: Uplink: Saturation Flux Density : -67.5 dbw/mt²; I/P Back -off :11dB Satellite G/T $: -11.6 \text{ dB}/^{\circ}\text{K}.$ Down Link: Satellite Saturation EIRP : 26.6 dBW; O/P Back-off : 6dB. Free Space Loss : 196.7 dB; Earth Station G/T : 40.7 dB/°K. Ignoring other losses, calculate the C/N ratio for both links and the combined value. [12]
